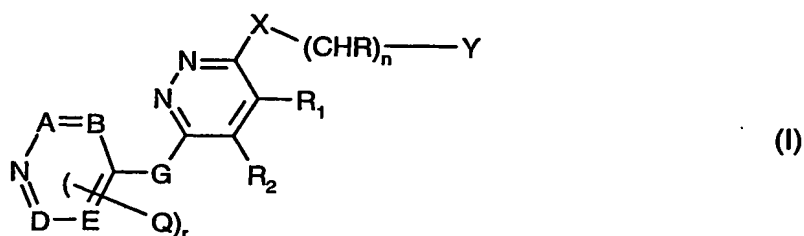


What is claimed

1. A method of treating VHL comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a 4-pyridylmethyl-phthalazine derivative to a warm-blooded animal in need thereof.
2. A method of treating VHL-related hemangioblastoma comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a 4-pyridylmethyl-phthalazine derivative to a warm-blooded animal in need thereof.
3. Method according to claim 1 or 2 comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a 4-pyridylmethyl-phthalazine derivative of formula I



wherein

$r$  is 0 to 2,

$n$  is 0 to 2,

$m$  is 0 to 4,

$R_1$  and  $R_2$  (i) are lower alkyl or

(ii) together form a bridge in subformula I\*



the binding being achieved via the two terminal carbon atoms, or

(iii) together form a bridge in subformula I\*\*



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wherein one or two of the ring members T<sub>1</sub>, T<sub>2</sub>, T<sub>3</sub> and T<sub>4</sub> are nitrogen, and the others are in each case CH, and the binding is achieved via T<sub>1</sub> and T<sub>4</sub>;

A, B, D, and E are, independently of one another, N or CH, with the stipulation that not more than 2 of these radicals are N;

G is lower alkylene, lower alkylene substituted by acyloxy or hydroxy, -CH<sub>2</sub>-O-, -CH<sub>2</sub>-S-, -CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-, oxa (-O-), thia (-S-), or imino (-NH-);

Q is lower alkyl;

R is H or lower alkyl;

X is imino, oxa, or thia;

Y is unsubstituted or substituted aryl, pyridyl, or unsubstituted or substituted cycloalkyl; and

Z is amino, mono- or disubstituted amino, halogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, hydroxy, etherified or esterified hydroxy, nitro, cyano, carboxy, esterified carboxy, alkanoyl, carbamoyl, N-mono- or N,N-disubstituted carbamoyl, amidino, guanidino, mercapto, sulfo, phenylthio, phenyl-lower alkylthio, alkylphenylthio, phenylsulfonyl, phenyl-lower alkylsulfinyl or alkylphenylsulfinyl, substituents Z being the same or different from one another if more than 1 radical Z is present;

and wherein the bonds characterized, if present, by a wavy line are either single or double bonds;

or an N-oxide of the defined compound, wherein 1 or more N atoms carry an oxygen atom, or the salt of such compound having at least one salt-forming group, to a warm-blooded animal in need thereof.

4. Method of claim 3 wherein the 4-pyridylmethyl-phthalazine derivative of formula I is 1-(4-chloroanilino)-4-(4-pyridylmethyl)phthalazine.
5. Method according to any one of claims 1 to 4 wherein the warm-blooded animal is a human.
6. Method according to claim 5 which comprises administering 1-(4-chloroanilino)-4-(4-pyridylmethyl)phthalazine, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, to the patient on a once daily schedule at a dose in the range from 1000 mg/day to 1400 mg/day.
7. Method according to claim 6 wherein the once daily dose is 1200 mg/day to 1300 mg/day.

8. Method according to claim 6 wherein the once daily dose is 1250 mg/day.
9. A method of treating VHL and/or VHS-related hemangioblastoma comprising administering a 4-pyridylmethyl-phthalazine derivative in an amount which is therapeutically effective against VHL to a warm-blooded animal in need thereof in combination with surgery and/or radiation therapy.
10. A commercial package comprising a 4-pyridylmethyl-phthalazine derivative together with instructions for use thereof in the treatment of VHL and/or VHS-related hemangioblastoma.
11. Use of a 4-pyridylmethyl-phthalazine derivative for the preparation of a medicament for the treatment of VHL.
12. Use according to claim 11 wherein the 4-pyridylmethyl-phthalazine derivative is 1-(4-chloroanilino)-4-(4-pyridylmethyl)phthalazine.